

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES  
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services  
Atlanta Regional Office  
61 Forsyth Street, Suite 4T20  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303



**DIVISION OF MEDICAID & CHILDREN'S HEALTH OPERATIONS**

August 6, 2015

Mr. Christian L. Soura  
Director  
SC Department of Health and Human Services  
Post Office Box 8206  
Columbia, South Carolina 29202-8206

Attention: Sheila Chavis

RE: Title XIX State Plan Amendment, SC 13-022

Dear Mr. Soura:

We have reviewed the proposed State Plan Amendment, SC 13-022, which was submitted to the Atlanta Regional Office on November 22, 2013. This plan amendment updates the outpatient hospital multiplier. Specifically, the following changes are being made: (1) increases to the base portion of the November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier by 2.75 percent for all South Carolina general acute care hospitals with the exception of Direct Medical Education; (2) increases to the base portion of the November 1, 2012 hospital specific multiplier by 2.75 percent for all qualifying out of state border general acute care hospitals entitled to receive a hospital specific outpatient multiplier; (3) also, South Carolina defined rural and burn intensive care unit hospitals will receive retrospective cost settlements that will equate to 100 percent of allowable Medicaid costs.

Based on the information provided, the Medicaid State Plan Amendment SC 13-022 was approved on August 6, 2015. The effective date of this amendment is October 1, 2013. We are enclosing the approved HCFA-179 and the plan pages.

If you have any additional questions or need further assistance, please contact Cheryl Wigfall at (803) 252-7299.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "David Kimble for Jackie Glaze". The signature is written in a cursive style.

Jackie Glaze  
Associate Regional Administrator  
Division of Medicaid & Children's Health Operations

Enclosures

**TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF  
STATE PLAN MATERIAL**

**FOR: HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION**

TO: REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR  
HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION  
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

5. TYPE OF PLAN MATERIAL (Check One):  
 NEW STATE PLAN       AMENDMENT TO BE CONSIDERED AS NEW PLAN       AMENDMENT  
COMPLETE BLOCKS 6 THRU 10 IF THIS IS AN AMENDMENT (Separate Transmittal for each amendment)

6. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION:  
42 CFR, Part 447

8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT:  
Attachment 4.19-B Pages 1, 1a, 1a.1, 1a.2, 1a.3, 1a.4, and 1a.5

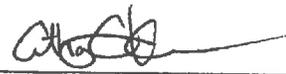
7. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT: (\$4.8 million x 70.57%).  
a. FFY 2014 \$ 3,387,360  
b. FFY 2015 \$ will be revisited next year

9. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERSEDED PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicable):  
Attachment 4.19-A Pages 1, 1a, 1a.1, 1a.2, 1a.3, 1a.4 and 1a.5

10. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT:  
Outpatient Hospital Multiplier Update Effective October 1, 2013

11. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (Check One):  
 GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT  
 COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ENCLOSED  
 NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL

OTHER, AS SPECIFIED:  
Mr. Keck was designated by the Governor to review and approve all State Plans

12. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIAL:  


13. TYPED NAME:  
Anthony E. Keck

14. TITLE:  
Director

15. DATE SUBMITTED:  
November 18, 2013

16. RETURN TO:  
South Carolina Department of Health and Human Services  
Post Office Box 8206  
Columbia, SC 29202-8206

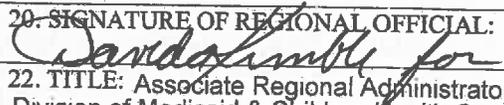
**FOR REGIONAL OFFICE USE ONLY**

17. DATE RECEIVED: 11/22/13

18. DATE APPROVED: 08-06-15

**PLAN APPROVED - ONE COPY ATTACHED**

19. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL:  
10/01/13

20. SIGNATURE OF REGIONAL OFFICIAL:  


21. TYPED NAME: Jackie Glaze

22. TITLE: Associate Regional Administrator  
Division of Medicaid & Children Health Opns

23. REMARKS: Approved with the following changes to block # 7 as authorized by state agency on RAI Response Dated 06/12/15.  
Block # 7 changed to read: FFY 2015 \$3,387,360.

STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - OTHER TYPES OF CARE  
(Reference Attachment 3.1-A)

2.a. OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

I. General Provisions

A. Outpatient Hospital Reimbursement and Upper Payment Limit (UPL) Provision

This plan establishes the methods and standards for reimbursement of outpatient hospital services effective October 1, 2013. Under this plan, a retrospective reimbursement system will be available for the following qualifying hospitals:

- Effective for services provided on or after October 1, 2013, SC general acute care hospitals designated as SC critical access hospitals or those identified as SC isolated rural and small rural hospitals as defined by Rural/Urban Commuting Area classes will receive retrospective cost settlements that represent one-hundred percent (100%) of allowable SC Medicaid outpatient costs which includes base, capital and Direct Medical Education (DME) costs. Additionally, certain SC large rural hospitals as defined by Rural/Urban Commuting Area classes and are located in a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) for primary care for total population will receive one-hundred percent (100%) of allowable SC Medicaid outpatient costs which includes base, capital and DME costs.
- Effective for services provided on or after October 1, 2013, SC large rural hospitals as defined by Rural/Urban Commuting Area classes with an average of 35 full time equivalent occupied beds or less based upon hospital fiscal year 2008 thru 2011 cost report census data will receive retrospective cost settlements that represent one-hundred percent (100%) of allowable SC Medicaid outpatient costs which includes base, capital and DME costs.
- Effective for services provided on or after October 1, 2013, the retrospective cost settlement amount for qualifying hospitals with a burn intensive care unit will represent one-hundred percent (100%) of allowable SC Medicaid outpatient costs which includes base, capital, and DME costs. In order for a hospital to qualify under this scenario, a hospital must:
  - a. Be located in South Carolina or within 25 miles of the South Carolina border;
  - b. Have a current contract with the South Carolina Medicaid Program; and
  - c. Have at least 25 beds in its burn intensive care unit.

Determination of the Statewide Outpatient Hospital Fee Schedule Rates:

The October 1, 2007 statewide outpatient hospital fee schedule rates for acute care and long term acute care hospitals will be based upon

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Determination of Hospital Specific Outpatient Multipliers:

In order to convert the statewide outpatient fee schedule rate payment into a hospital specific payment, an outpatient multiplier will be developed for each hospital. The outpatient multiplier will adjust the calculated statewide outpatient fee schedule claims payment to a hospital specific payment and will represent the projected outpatient costs calculated in accordance with Agency defined criteria effective November 1, 2012 and incorporate the impact of the July 11, 2011 payment reductions for the classes of hospitals outlined in this and the following three paragraphs. Hospitals that receive a hospital specific outpatient multiplier will be those eligible to receive retrospective cost settlements and those SC general acute care hospitals that no longer are eligible to receive retrospective cost settlements effective for services provided on or after November 1, 2012 as well as qualifying out of state border hospitals that have S C Medicaid fee for service inpatient claims utilization of at least 200 claims.

Effective for services provided on or after November 1, 2012, all SC general acute care hospitals except those designated as SC critical access hospitals, SC isolated rural and small rural hospitals, certain SC large rural hospitals located in a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) for primary care for total population, SC large rural hospitals as defined by Rural/Urban Commuting Area classes with an average of 35 full time equivalent occupied beds or less based upon hospital fiscal year 2008 thru 2011 cost report census data and qualifying burn intensive care unit hospitals which contract with the SC Medicaid Program will have its November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier calculated to reflect the impact of the July 11, 2011 payment reductions (i.e. 93% of allowable Medicaid targeted base costs less Direct Medical Education (DME)). Additionally, the hospital specific multipliers of the SC general acute care hospitals identified above with interns/residents and allied health alliance training programs will be further adjusted to account for the allowance of eighty-seven.three percent (87.3%) of allowable SC Medicaid outpatient hospital DME costs (including the DME capital related costs). Effective for services occurring on or after October 1, 2013, the base portion of the November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier was increased by 2.75% for all SC general acute care hospitals. However, for SC general acute care teaching hospitals as defined in Attachment 4.19-A, the DME portion of the November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multipliers was not subject to the 2.75% increase.

Effective for services provided on or after November 1, 2012, qualifying out of state border hospitals that have SC Medicaid fee for service claim utilization of at least 200 claims will have its November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier calculated to reflect the impact of the July 11, 2011 payment reductions (i.e. 93% of allowable Medicaid targeted base costs less DME). Additionally, the hospital specific outpatient multipliers of the out of state border hospitals identified above with interns/residents and allied health alliance training programs will be further adjusted to account for DME costs (including the capital related costs) no longer being reimbursed to qualifying out of state border hospitals. Effective for services occurring on or after October 1, 2013, the base portion of the November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier was increased by 2.75% for qualifying out of state border general acute care hospitals. DME costs continue to be non-reimbursable for out of state border general acute care teaching hospitals.

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Effective for services provided on or after November 1, 2012, all SC general acute care hospitals designated as SC critical access hospitals, SC isolated rural and small rural hospitals, certain SC large rural hospitals located in a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) for primary care for total population, SC large rural hospitals as defined by Rural/Urban Commuting Area classes with an average of 35 full time equivalent occupied beds or less based upon hospital fiscal year 2008 thru 2011 cost report census data and qualifying burn intensive care unit hospitals which contract with the SC Medicaid Program will have its November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier calculated to reflect the impact of the July 11, 2011 payment reductions (i.e. 97% of allowable Medicaid targeted costs including DME). Effective for services occurring on or after October 1, 2013, the November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier was increased by 2.75% for all SC defined rural hospitals and burn intensive care unit hospitals which qualify for retrospective cost settlement.

Hospital Specific Outpatient Multiplier Calculation Effective October 1, 2013

The following methodology is employed in the computation of the hospital specific outpatient multiplier effective November 1, 2012:

- a) The hospital specific outpatient multipliers will continue to be calculated so that outpatient hospital reimbursement approximates the Department's specified percent of allowable Medicaid costs for each eligible hospital as described under the section titled "Determination of Hospital Specific Outpatient Multipliers".
- b) A cost to charge ratio will be calculated for Medicaid outpatient hospital services. This ratio will be calculated using cost from worksheet B Part 1 Column 24, charges from worksheet C Column 8, and Medicaid cost settled ancillary charges obtained from the Medicaid Management and Administration Reporting System (MARS) identified on worksheet D part V Column 3. The Medicaid outpatient hospital cost-to-charge ratio will be determined by taking the sum of the SC Medicaid outpatient ancillary costs and dividing this amount by the sum of the SC Medicaid covered outpatient ancillary charges. Charges not covered by the hospital payment system, such as CRNA and ambulance, must be excluded from this calculation. Effective for services provided on or after July 11, 2011, two cost to charge ratios will be determined for teaching hospitals. The first cost to charge ratio will be determined on base and all capital related costs except those associated with DME capital costs using the methodology previously described. The second cost to charge ratio will be determined using DME costs only (including the capital portion of DME costs) using the methodology previously described. The applicable reductions (i.e. 93% or 97% to base and capital and 100% or 87.3% to DME) will be applied to the calculated cost for each cost pool and an adjusted cost/charge ratio will be determined.
- c) Next, each hospital's cost to charge ratio will be further adjusted upward or downward for the effect of the Hospital Fiscal Year (HFY) 2010 audit adjustment factor. The HFY 2010 audit adjustment factor is determined by dividing the audited HFY 2010 Medicaid outpatient cost to charge ratio by the interim adjusted HFY 2010 Medicaid outpatient hospital cost to charge ratio.
- d) The adjusted hospital fiscal year 2011 Medicaid outpatient hospital cost to charge ratio for each hospital, as described above in b) and c), is multiplied by each hospital's Medicaid outpatient hospital allowed charges based upon services provided during the period October 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

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- e) The Medicaid allowable outpatient cost determined in d) above is reduced by one and a half percent (1.5%) to determine the cost target to be used for each eligible hospital to receive a hospital specific outpatient multiplier. The one and a half percent reduction is applied to take into account the difference between the cost report year and the claims data period.
- f) The Medicaid cost target for each hospital determined in e) above will then be compared to each hospital's corresponding base Medicaid fee for service claims payments (including co-pay and TPL) prior to the application of the hospital specific outpatient multiplier in effect during the payment period outlined in d) above to determine the hospital specific outpatient multiplier effective November 1, 2012. To determine the base Medicaid fee for service claims payments for services provided on and after October 1, 2011 during the October 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 claims payment period prior to the application for the hospital specific outpatient multiplier, the claim payments for this period are divided by the October 1, 2011 hospital specific outpatient multiplier. A further adjustment to base Medicaid fee for service claims revenue was made for a 75% reduction in outpatient (OP) therapy rates.
- g) Effective for services occurring on or after October 1, 2013, the November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier was increased by 2.75% for all SC general acute care non-teaching hospitals and qualifying out of state border general acute care teaching and non-teaching hospitals. Effective for services occurring on or after October 1, 2013, the November 1, 2012 hospital specific outpatient multiplier for all SC teaching hospitals as defined by Attachment 4.19-A was increased by the proportion of Medicaid outpatient DME costs to total Medicaid outpatient costs (including DME) multiplied by 2.75%. For all other hospitals that did not receive a hospital specific outpatient multiplier, an outpatient multiplier of .93 will be assigned to those hospitals. The hospital specific outpatient multiplier determined above will be applied after the fee schedule payment has been calculated prior to any reduction for third party liability and coinsurance.

Clinical Lab Fee Schedule:

Effective October 1, 2010, all outpatient hospital clinical lab services provided by governmental and private hospitals will be reimbursed at one hundred percent (100%) of the 2010 Medicare Clinical Lab Fee Schedule rates for the State of South Carolina. Effective for services provided on or after October 1, 2011, all outpatient hospital clinical lab services except for those provided by hospitals identified as SC critical access hospitals, SC isolated rural and small rural hospitals, certain SC large rural hospitals located in a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) for primary care for total population, SC large rural hospitals as defined by Rural/Urban Commuting Area classes with an average of 35 full time equivalent occupied beds or less based upon hospital fiscal year 2008 thru 2011 cost report census data or qualifying burn intensive care unit hospitals will be reimbursed at ninety percent (90%) of the 2010 Medicare Clinical Lab Fee Schedule rates for the state of South Carolina. SC critical access hospitals, SC isolated rural and small rural hospitals, certain SC large rural hospitals located in a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) for primary care for total population, SC large rural hospitals as defined by Rural/Urban Commuting Area classes with an average of 35 full time equivalent occupied beds or less based upon hospital fiscal year 2008 thru 2011 cost report census data and qualifying burn intensive care unit hospitals will be reimbursed at ninety-seven percent (97%) of the 2010 Medicare Clinical Lab Fee Schedule rates for the State of South Carolina. Therefore, the hospital specific outpatient multiplier described above will no longer be applied in the determination of outpatient hospital clinical lab services reimbursement.

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Retrospective Hospital Cost Settlement Methodology:

Effective October 1, 2013, the following methodology describes the outpatient hospital retrospective cost settlement process for qualifying hospitals. The source document for Medicaid allowable outpatient costs will be the CMS-2552, which is the Medicare/Medicaid cost report. Allowable Medicaid outpatient costs will be determined in accordance with the Provider Reimbursement Manual Publication 15. However, for clarification purposes, one hundred percent (100%) of the South Carolina General acute care hospital provider tax will be considered an allowable Medicaid costs. Effective October 1, 2010, outpatient hospital clinical lab services will no longer be retrospectively cost settled.

- A cost to charge ratio will be calculated for Medicaid outpatient services. This ratio will be calculated using cost from worksheet B part I (column 24, applicable lines from 50-117), charges from worksheet C (column 8), and Medicaid settlement data from worksheet D part V (columns 2, 3, and 4). For ancillary cost centers, a cost-to-charge ratio will be calculated by dividing cost as reported on worksheet B part I by total charges from worksheet C. Medicaid cost for each ancillary cost center will be determined by multiplying this ratio by Medicaid charges as reported on worksheet D part V. Charges not covered by the hospital payment system, such as CRNA and ambulance, must be excluded from this calculation.
- Total allowable Medicaid cost will be determined at the time of cost settlement by multiplying the adjusted cost to charge ratio as calculated above, by Medicaid charges.
- The interim retrospective cost settlement amount will be determined by subtracting payments received from the allowable cost determined above. The payment amount includes Mars report payments and non Mars Report adjustments that were processed during the cost reporting/settlement period. Examples of these adjustments are interim cost settlement payments, etc.

For clarification purposes, all interim retrospective cost settlements will be subject to final audit. Any underpayment/(overpayment) identified as a result of the final audit will be paid or recouped accordingly.

II. Upper Payment Limits:

Outpatient hospital reimbursement shall be made in accordance with the upper payment limit requirements defined in 42 CFR 447.321.

Non-State Owned Governmental and Private Outpatient Hospital Service Providers

The following methodology is used to estimate the upper payment limit applicable to non-state owned governmental and privately owned or operated outpatient hospitals (i.e. for profit and non-governmental nonprofit facilities). State owned psychiatric hospitals do not provide outpatient hospital services so no UPL demonstration is warranted for this class:

The most recent HFY 2012 2552-10 cost report serves as the base year cost report to be used for Medicaid UPL calculations. In order to determine the Medicare allowable cost using Medicare allowable cost principles (i.e. upper payment limit), the SCDHHS employs the following process:

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- (1) Medicaid covered outpatient hospital ancillary charges are obtained from the Summary MARS outpatient hospital report. Data source - Summary MARS outpatient hospital report.
- (2) Medicaid covered outpatient hospital ancillary cost is determined by multiplying covered Medicaid outpatient hospital ancillary charges as identified on worksheet D Part V, column 3, lines 50 thru 117 by the ancillary cost to charge ratios as reflected on worksheet C, column 8, lines 50 thru 117. Data source - HFY 2552-10 cost report.
- (3) The total Medicaid outpatient hospital cost determined in step (2) is then trended using the mid-year to mid-year inflation method and the Medicare Inpatient Hospital Market Basket Index rate (prior to productivity adjustment) for FY 12, FY 13, and FY 14 in order to trend the base year cost (HFY 2012) to the Medicaid rate period October 1, 2013 through September 30, 2014.
- (4) Total base year Medicaid outpatient hospital revenue is derived from each hospital's Summary MARS report based upon each hospital's cost reporting period. Data source - Summary MARS outpatient hospital report.
- (5) Next, to account for the physical and occupational therapy rate changes since the base year, the Department reduced the base year outpatient hospital payments by 75% of the physical and occupational therapy payments received by the hospital during the base year. Next, the Department took the Medicaid outpatient hospital revenue as reflected in step (4) and reduced this amount by the impact of the June 1, 2012 PT and OT rate changes. Next, the Department divided the adjusted Medicaid outpatient hospital amount for each hospital by the October 1, 2011 hospital specific outpatient multiplier to arrive at the actual/adjusted Statewide Outpatient Hospital Fee Schedule payments received by each hospital during the base year period.
- (6) Next, to account for the October 1, 2013 hospital specific outpatient multiplier update, the Department multiplied the October 1, 2013 hospital specific outpatient multipliers against the adjusted Statewide Outpatient Hospital Fee Schedule payments received by each hospital during the base year (see step (5)) to determine projected Medicaid outpatient hospital revenue for FFY 2014. For hospitals that continue to receive retrospective cost settlements at 100% of allowable costs on and after October 1, 2013, the estimated revenue for the FFY 2014 payment period equals the trended inflated cost as described in step (3).
- (7) The Medicaid UPL compliance check is determined for each class by comparing the aggregate amounts as determined in (3) above to ensure that projected Medicaid outpatient hospital cost is equal to or greater than projected Medicaid outpatient hospital payments. In the event that aggregate Medicaid outpatient hospital payments exceed aggregate Medicaid outpatient hospital cost, the hospital specific outpatient multiplier for each facility will be established using the Medicaid cost as reflected in step (3).

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Cost Report Requirements:

Cost report requirements under the prospective payment system and retrospective reimbursement system will conform to Medicare cost reporting principles and use as their basis the Medicare Cost Report Form - CMS-2552. In addition, providers must comply with Medicaid specific cost report requirements as published by the DHHS.

All cost report financial and statistical information, the medical information contained on claims and information contained on supplemental worksheets such as the DSH survey, are subject to audit by the DHHS or its designee. The audited information will be used for future rate calculations, retrospective cost settlements, disproportionate share program requirements, utilization review contractor requirements and other analyses.

Co-payment Requirements:

Emergency services are not subject to co-payment. The outpatient cost settlement payment calculation will include uncollected Medicaid co-payment amounts in accordance with 42 CFR 447.57.

B. Objectives

Implementation of the reimbursement methodology provided herein has the following objectives:

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